Animal Models of Epilepsy: The Impact of some Chemoconvulsants on Animal Models

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Abstract

We summarize some of the most frequently used rodent animal models of temporal lobe epilepsy and the impact of chemoconvulsants on them. Temporal lobe epilepsy is the most common epilepsy in humans in which seizures spread to the neighboring cortex and hippocampal neuron loss and other neuropathological take place. Temporal lobe epilepsy and the other form of epilepsy cannot acquired in clinical studies with human, as result the use of appropriate animal models is essential. Rodent must display a similar “clinical history” as the human counterpart including an initial latent period between the injury and the occurrence of spontaneous seizures chronic manifestation of spontaneous seizures and histopathological change deemed characteristic of temporal lobe epilepsy. Chemoconvulsants: 1) Kinic acid: Kinic acid was one of the first compounds used to model temporal lobe epilepsy in rodents, injected rodents show recurrent seizures. Kinic acid has the advantage of causing habitually hippocampus -resistites injury. 2) Pilocarpine: In the human halt spontaneous seizures in the pilocarpine model, systemic or intracerebral injection of pilocarpine causes seizures that build up into a limbic. In addition, there are several network and neurochemical similarities between human temporal lobe epilepsy and the pilocarpine model. Pilocarpine which can also produce lesions in neocritical area cognitive and memory deficits’ commonly are found in temporal lobe epilepsy patient’s, are also present in pilocarpine rats. Chemoconvulsants allow rapid investigation of epileptogenic mechanisms and screening at the expense of high mortality of subject and spontaneous seizures.

Keywords: Epileps, Chemoconvulsants, Epileptogenic Mechanisms

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