Vague Nerve Stimulation

Nasser Zangiabadi

Shefa Neuroscience Research Center, Khatam Alanbia Hospital, Tehran, Iran

Abstract

VNS indications

Epilepsy

VNS Therapy system is indicated for use as an adjunctive therapy in reducing the frequency of seizures in patients whose epileptic disorder is dominated by partial seizures (with or without secondary generalization) or generalized seizures that are refractory to antiepileptic medications.

Depression

VNS Therapy is indicated for the adjunctive long-term treatment of chronic or recurrent depression who are experiencing a major depressive episode and have not had an adequate response to four or more antidepressant treatments.

Mechanism of action

VNS definitely exerts an effect via the LC (norepinephrine) and the RN (serotonin)

These mechanisms of action are similar to those of medications through pharmacologic pathways

The LC and RN/DRN have been conclusively identified as:

Brain centers affected by VNS Therapy

Playing a role in suppressing seizures

Areas that must be intact for VNS Therapy to have an effect

VNS Safety Profile

More than 70,000 patients worldwide have been implanted with VNS Therapy

No known interactions with medications

No reported systemic neurotoxic effects, rash, renal impairment, or bone marrow suppression

No increase in sudden, unexpected death in epilepsy (SUDEP)

Gestational outcomes

Animal study has shown no evidence of impaired fertility or harm to the fetus due to VNS Therapy

Pregnancies have gone to term with VNS

One of my challenging Cases which resulted in Vague Nerve Stimulation (VNS) therapy

53-year-old Right-handed gentleman with History of epilepsy since 1983 (due to being injured during war) in form of CPS and GTCs

We implanted VNS for the first time in Khatam-Al-Anbia hospital about three months ago for this patient.

The frequency of the patient’s attacks has been decreased to about eighty percent till now.

No significant side effects have been reported except for mild hoarseness.

Keywords: VNS Therapy, Epilepsy, Systemic Neurotoxic Effects.

*Corresponding Author: Nasser Zangiabadi

E-mail: N.zangiabadi@gmail.com